

Welfare Benefits Federal Annual Notices Packet

LAST UPDATED June 2022

Health and welfare benefit plans and the employers sponsoring them are subject to a number of recurring notice and disclosure requirements. While plans can frequently delegate delivery to an insurance carrier or third party administrator (TPA), the compliance obligation generally belongs to the plan sponsor or plan administrator. The employer is usually both the plan sponsor and plan administrator for a single employer plan, and we will generally reference the employer in this document.

This Sample Health and Welfare Benefits Federal Annual Notices Packet (the "Packet") addresses common federal health and welfare benefits notices requiring delivery on an annual basis. As drafted, employers can provide this material as a separate packet of legal notices or include it in a benefits enrollment guide.

Please see our **Guide to Annual/Recurring Federal Health and Welfare Plan Participant Notices and Disclosures** for more information about federal notice and disclosure requirements including delivery methods. If you do not have a copy of this guide, your day-to-day Marsh & McLennan Agency contact can provide you with a copy.

Notes: Our Packet is not a complete set of annual legal notices for every employer. Additional notice and/or disclosure requirements may apply based on your specific circumstances. We recommend you speak with your legal counsel before delivering legal notices to your employees and/or plan participants.

The notices in this Packet are current as of the publication date above. The U.S. Department of Labor (DOL) did not update its model General Notice of COBRA Continuation Rights or model HIPAA Special Enrollment Rights Notice to include any of the modified rights available during the COVID-19 Outbreak Period relief. Group health plans must notify all eligible employees of their special enrollment rights, and we have added an optional statement to the model special enrollment rights notice to assist with this disclosure.

The Surprise Billing Notice required under the No Surprises Act is new for 2022. Please review our instructions/recommendations for this notice later in this Packet.

Health and Welfare Benefits Federal Annual Notices Packet

There are a number of recurring notice and disclosure requirements applicable to health and welfare benefits and the employers who sponsor them. While plans can frequently delegate delivery to an insurance carrier or third party administrator (TPA), the compliance obligation generally belongs to the plan sponsor or plan administrator. The employer is usually both the plan sponsor and plan administrator for a single employer plan.

Notes: The model General Notice of COBRA Continuation Rights in this "Sample Notices Packet" is the current version from May 1, 2020. The U.S. Department of Labor (DOL) did not include any of the modified rights available during the COVID-19 Outbreak Period relief in this updated model notice. The DOL also did not update this model general notice for the COBRA subsidy under the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (ARPA).

The DOL and Treasury have not released any other updated group health plan model notices, and we did not independently revise the HIPAA Special Enrollment Rights Notice. Outbreak Period relief may still apply to individuals who experience or who have experienced a HIPAA special enrollment right. The other notices in this packet are not affected.

This Sample Notices Packet is not intended to be a complete set of annual legal notices applicable to all employers. Additional notice and/or disclosure requirements may apply based on your specific circumstances. We recommend you speak with your legal counsel before delivering legal notices to your employees and/or plan participants.

This Sample Notices Packet includes common federal health and welfare benefits notices that require delivery on an annual basis. As drafted, this Packet can be provided as a separate packet of legal notices, or the material can be included in a benefits enrollment guide.

Please see our **Guide to Annual/Recurring Federal Health and Welfare Plan Participant Notices and Disclosures** for more information about federal notice and disclosure requirements including delivery methods. If you do not have a copy of this guide, your day-to-day Marsh & McLennan Agency contact can provide you with a copy.



Our Approach

We chose the notices in this Packet based on the following criteria:

- Delivering the notice in this format generally relieves the employer from having to deliver the notice through other methods; and/or
- The notice is subject to a delivery-timing requirement that is difficult to meet through other means such as inclusion in a summary plan description.

Packet Contents

Cover Page

This is a sample introduction page employers can provide to employees describing the Packet's contents if provided as a set of separate legal notices.

Standard Annual Notices Included in Packet

Medicare Part D Creditable Coverage Notice	 This notice is due <i>before</i> October 15th each calendar year. An employer may include multiple plan options in the same notice. If included in a set of notices or in a benefits guide or other material: (1) The notice must appear on the first page (after the table of contents is sufficient) or a call-out box must appear on the first page identifying the page number where the notice begins; and (2) The initial disclosure portion of the notice must appear in 14-point font (as it appears in this Packet).
HIPAA Special Enrollment Rights Notice	An employer cannot generally meet this notice's delivery timing requirement solely by including it in a summary plan description.
HIPAA Notice of Privacy Practices	Employers sponsoring self-insured group health plans must provide this notice by or before enrollment and a new copy when revised. There are many different versions of this notice that will satisfy the minimum disclosure requirements. The sample in this Packet is comprehensive and intended to protect the employer/plan by clarifying rights and obligations.
Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP) Notice	An employer cannot generally meet this notice's delivery timing requirement solely by including it in a summary plan description.
Women's Health and Cancer Rights Act (WHCRA) Annual and Enrollment Notices	An employer cannot generally meet the delivery timing requirements for these notices solely by including them in a summary plan description. We combined both into a single notice for convenience.



Appendix of Additional Notices

These are additional notices that may be appropriate based upon an employer's circumstances. We included the Surprise Billing Notice to assist with an employer's obligation to post the notice on its website.

Medicare Part D Cross- Reference	This is the call-out box described earlier if the Medicare Part D notice itself will not appear on the first page. The delivery rules indicate the text must appear in 14-point font (as it appears in this Packet).
Medicare Part D Non- Creditable Coverage Notice	If applicable, this notice is due <i>before</i> October 15th each calendar year. The comments for the Creditable Coverage Notice apply to this notice.
HIPAA Notice of Availability of Notice of Privacy Practices	Employers subject to the HIPAA Privacy rules frequently provide the full HIPAA Notice of Privacy Practices annually. If an employer provides the full notice in new hire packets or elsewhere, this shorter notice of availability may take the place of the full notice in enrollment materials and legal notices packets to save space. This shorter notice satisfies the reminder rules for the full notice.
Grandfathered Status Notice	Employers must include this notice in all written materials describing a grandfathered plan, including a benefits enrollment guide. This notice is not relevant for a separate set of separate legal notices.
HIPAA Wellness Program Reasonable Alternative Standards (RAS) Notice	This notice must appear in all written materials describing wellness incentives subject to HIPAA's wellness rules, including a benefits enrollment guide. This notice is not relevant for a separate set of separate legal notices.



Employers must provide this notice before wellness program participation

billing protections and does not need to include reference to them.

providing all state-specific information in the notice itself.

Since the delivery requirement merely requires the client to post the notice on its website, directions or a hyperlink to another website should also be sufficient for any state-specific disclosure information, as an alternative to



Notices not Included in this Packet

Event-Specific Notices	We did not include notices that apply only when a specific event occurs, such as COBRA election notices.	
FMLA/USERRA General Notices	Employers must post a general notice about the FMLA in plain view where employees can readily see it, such as in break rooms. Employers must also provide this notice information in an employee handbook or in other written materials describing leaves of absence and their impact on benefits. If these materials do not exist, employer must include the notice information in new hire packets. This is also the recommendation for the USERRA general notice.	
	Based on these delivery requirements, an employer cannot rely on delivery through an annual set of legal notices or in benefits enrollment materials to meet its notice obligations.	
State/Local Notices	State and local notice requirements can vary widely, and we do not address them in this Packet.	
	We excluded the Notice to Employees of Exchange Coverage Options, because employers must provide it to all new hires within the first 14 days of employment.	
Other ACA Notices	Many other ACA notice requirements, such as the Patient Protections Notice, must be included in the applicable summary plan description(s), which wholly satisfies their delivery requirements. Their inclusion in a separate set of legal notices or in a benefits enrollment guide serves no purpose.	
ACA Summary of Benefits and Coverage	Employers and insurers must deliver these in connection with enrollment (and upon request). The contents will vary based on plan design, and we did not include the blank template in this Packet.	
Summary Annual Report (to Form 5500 filing)	The specific contents will vary by employer, and it did not make sense to include a <u>generic template</u> with provisions that may not apply. The delivery timing requirements may also require an employer to provide this notice separately.	

We are providing this information to you in our capacity as consultants with knowledge and experience in the insurance industry and not as legal or tax advice. The issues addressed may have legal or tax implications to you, and we recommend you speak with your legal counsel and/or tax advisor before choosing a course of action based on any of the information contained herein. Changes to factual circumstances or to any rules or other guidance relied upon may affect the accuracy of the information provided. We are not obligated to provide updates on the information presented herein. © 2022 Marsh McLennan Agency, LLC. All Rights Reserved.



Five Star Call Centers, Health and Welfare Benefits Annual Notice Packet

For Five Star Call Centers (8/01/2022)

Dear Valued Employee,

Enclosed is a packet of notices and disclosures that pertain to your employer-sponsored health and welfare plans, as required by federal law.

F	ncl	losu	res.
_		ıosu	ı cs.

Medicare Part D Creditable Coverage Notice
HIPAA Special Enrollment Rights Notice
HIPAA Notice of Privacy Practices
Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP) Notice
Women's Health and Cancer Rights Act (WHCRA) Notice
Newborns' Mothers Health Protection Act (NMHPA) Notice
General Notice of COBRA Continuation Rights

Should you have any questions regarding the content of the notices, please contact us Issues Management, Inc., 4901 26th Street, Sioux Falls, SD 57110; Angie Nath, Benefits Specialist-angie.nath@fivestarcallcenters.com 605-275-5452.



Medicare Part D Creditable Coverage Notice

Important Notice from Issues Management, Inc. About Your Prescription Drug Coverage and Medicare

Please read this notice carefully and keep it where you can find it. This notice has information about your current prescription drug coverage with Issues Management, Inc. and about your options under Medicare's prescription drug coverage. This information can help you decide whether or not you want to join a Medicare drug plan. If you are considering joining, you should compare your current coverage, including which drugs are covered at what cost, with the coverage and costs of the plans offering Medicare prescription drug coverage in your area. Information about where you can get help to make decisions about your prescription drug coverage is at the end of this notice.

There are two important things you need to know about your current coverage and Medicare's prescription drug coverage:

- Medicare prescription drug coverage became available in 2006 to everyone
 with Medicare. You can get this coverage if you join a Medicare
 Prescription Drug Plan or join a Medicare Advantage Plan (like an HMO or
 PPO) that offers prescription drug coverage. All Medicare drug plans
 provide at least a standard level of coverage set by Medicare. Some plans
 may also offer more coverage for a higher monthly premium.
- Issues Management, Inc. has determined that the prescription drug coverage offered by Wellmark BCBS SD – 4000 PPO Plan A is, on average for all plan participants, expected to pay out as much as standard Medicare prescription drug coverage pays and is therefore considered Creditable Coverage. Because your existing coverage is Creditable Coverage, you can keep this coverage and not pay a higher premium (a penalty) if you later decide to join a Medicare drug plan.

When Can You Join A Medicare Drug Plan?

You can join a Medicare drug plan when you first become eligible for Medicare and each year from October 15th to December 7th. However, if you lose your current creditable prescription drug coverage, through no fault of your own, you will also be eligible for a two (2) month Special Enrollment Period (SEP) to join a Medicare drug plan.



What Happens To Your Current Coverage If You Decide to Join A Medicare Drug Plan?

If you decide to join a Medicare drug plan while enrolled in Issues Management, Inc.coverage as an active employee, please note that your Issues Management, Inc. coverage will be the primary payer for your prescription drug benefits and Medicare will pay secondary. As a result, the value of your Medicare prescription drug benefits may be significantly reduced. Medicare will usually pay primary for your prescription drug benefits if you participate in Issues Management, Inc coverage as a former employee.

You may also choose to drop your Issues Management, Inc coverage. If you do decide to join a Medicare drug plan and drop your current Issues Management, Inc coverage, be aware that you and your dependents may not be able to get this coverage back.

When Will You Pay A Higher Premium (Penalty) To Join A Medicare Drug Plan?

You should also know that if you drop or lose your current coverage with Issues Management, Inc and don't join a Medicare drug plan within 63 continuous days after your current coverage ends, you may pay a higher premium (a penalty) to join a Medicare drug plan later.

If you go 63 continuous days or longer without creditable prescription drug coverage, your monthly premium may go up by at least 1% of the Medicare base beneficiary premium per month for every month that you did not have that coverage. For example, if you go nineteen months without creditable coverage, your premium may consistently be at least 19% higher than the Medicare base beneficiary premium. You may have to pay this higher premium (a penalty) as long as you have Medicare prescription drug coverage. In addition, you may have to wait until the following October to join.

For More Information About This Notice Or Your Current Prescription Drug Coverage...

Contact the person listed below for further information. **NOTE:** You'll get this notice each year. You will also get it before the next period you can join a Medicare drug plan, and if this coverage through Issues Management, Inc changes. You also may request a copy of this notice at any time.

For More Information About Your Options Under Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage...

More detailed information about Medicare plans that offer prescription drug coverage is in the "Medicare & You" handbook. You'll get a copy of the handbook in the mail every year from Medicare. You may also be contacted directly by Medicare drug plans.

For more information about Medicare prescription drug coverage:

- Visit <u>www.medicare.gov</u>
- Call your State Health Insurance Assistance Program (see the inside back cover of your copy of the "Medicare & You" handbook for their telephone number) for personalized help
- Call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.



If you have limited income and resources, extra help paying for Medicare prescription drug coverage is available. For information about this extra help, visit Social Security on the web at www.socialsecurity.gov, or call them at 1-800-772-1213 (TTY 1-800-325-0778).

Remember: Keep this Creditable Coverage notice. If you decide to join one of the Medicare drug plans, you may be required to provide a copy of this notice when you join to show whether or not you have maintained creditable coverage and, therefore, whether or not you are required to pay a higher premium (a penalty).

Issues Management, Inc Angie Nath, Benefits Specialist 4901 East 26th Street, Sioux Falls, SD 57110 605-275-5452



Medicare Part D Non-Creditable Coverage Notice

Important Notice from Issues Management, Inc. About Your Prescription Drug Coverage and Medicare

Please read this notice carefully and keep it where you can find it. This notice has information about your current prescription drug coverage with Issues Management, Inc. and about your options under Medicare's prescription drug coverage. This information can help you decide whether or not you want to join a Medicare drug plan. If you are considering joining, you should compare your current coverage, including which drugs are covered at what cost, with the coverage and costs of the plans offering Medicare prescription drug coverage in your area. Information about where you can get help to make decisions about your prescription drug coverage is at the end of this notice.

There are two important things you need to know about your current coverage and Medicare's prescription drug coverage:

- Medicare prescription drug coverage became available in 2006 to everyone
 with Medicare. You can get this coverage if you join a Medicare
 Prescription Drug Plan or join a Medicare Advantage Plan (like an HMO or
 PPO) that offers prescription drug coverage. All Medicare drug plans
 provide at least a standard level of coverage set by Medicare. Some plans
 may also offer more coverage for a higher monthly premium.
- Issues Management, Inc. has determined that the prescription drug coverage offered by Wellmark BCBS SD 6500 HDHP PPO Plan is, on average for all plan participants, NOT expected to pay out as much as standard Medicare prescription drug coverage pays. Therefore, your coverage is consider Non-Creditable Coverage. This is important because, most likely, you will get more help with your drug costs if you join a Medicare drug plan, than if you only have prescriptions drug coverage from the Wellmark BCBS SD 6500 HDHP PPO Plan. This also is important because it may mean that you may pay a higher premium (a penalty) if you do not join a Medicare drug plan when you first become eligible.
- You can keep your current coverage from Wellmark BCBS SD 6500 HDHP PPO Plan. However, because your coverage is non-creditable, you have decisions to make about Medicare prescription drug coverage that may affect how much you pay for that coverage, depending on if and



when you join a drug plan. When you make your decision, you should compare your current coverage, including what drugs are covered, with the coverage and cost of the plans offerincg Meicare prescription drug coverage in your area. Read this notice carefully – it explains your options.

When Can You Join A Medicare Drug Plan?

You can join a Medicare drug plan when you first become eligible for Medicare and each year from October 15th to December 7th. However, if you lose your current creditable prescription drug coverage, through no fault of your own, you will also be eligible for a two (2) month Special Enrollment Period (SEP) to join a Medicare drug plan; however you also may pay a higher premium (a penalty) because you did not have creditable coverage under the Wellmark BCBS SD – 6500 HDHP PPO Plan.

What Happens To Your Current Coverage If You Decide to Join A Medicare Drug Plan?

If you decide to join a Medicare drug plan while enrolled in Issues Management, Inc. coverage as an active employee, please note that your Issues Management, Inc. coverage will be the primary payer for your prescription drug benefits and Medicare will pay secondary. As a result, the value of your Medicare prescription drug benefits may be significantly reduced. Medicare will usually pay primary for your prescription drug benefits if you participate in Issues Management, Inc coverage as a former employee.

You may also choose to drop your Issues Management, Inc coverage. If you do decide to join a Medicare drug plan and drop your current Issues Management, Inc coverage, be aware that you and your dependents may not be able to get this coverage back.

When Will You Pay A Higher Premium (Penalty) To Join A Medicare Drug Plan?

Since the coverage under Wellmark BCBS SD – 6500 HDHP PPO Plan is not creditable you may pay a penalty to join a Medicare drug plan depending on how long you go without creditable prescription drug coverage. Starting with the end of the last month that you were first eligible to join a Medicare drug plan but did not join, if you go 63 continuous or longer without prescription drug coverage that's creditable, your monthly premium may go up by at least 1% of the Medicare base beneficiary premium per month for every month that you did not have that coverage. For example, if you go nineteen months without creditable coverage, your premium may consistently be at least 19% higher than the Medicare base beneficiary premium. You may have to pay this higher premium (a penalty) as long as you have Medicare prescription drug coverage. In addition, you may have to wait until the following October to join.

For More Information About This Notice Or Your Current Prescription Drug Coverage...

Contact the person listed below for further information. **NOTE:** You'll get this notice each year. You will also get it before the next period you can join a Medicare drug plan, and if this coverage



through Issues Management, Inc changes. You also may request a copy of this notice at any time.

For More Information About Your Options Under Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage...

More detailed information about Medicare plans that offer prescription drug coverage is in the "Medicare & You" handbook. You'll get a copy of the handbook in the mail every year from Medicare. You may also be contacted directly by Medicare drug plans.

For more information about Medicare prescription drug coverage:

- Visit www.medicare.gov
- Call your State Health Insurance Assistance Program (see the inside back cover of your copy of the "Medicare & You" handbook for their telephone number) for personalized help
- Call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

If you have limited income and resources, extra help paying for Medicare prescription drug coverage is available. For information about this extra help, visit Social Security on the web at www.socialsecurity.gov, or call them at 1-800-772-1213 (TTY 1-800-325-0778).

Remember: Keep this Creditable Coverage notice. If you decide to join one of the Medicare drug plans, you may be required to provide a copy of this notice when you join to show whether or not you have maintained creditable coverage and, therefore, whether or not you are required to pay a higher premium (a penalty).

Issues Management, Inc Angie Nath, Benefits Specialist 4901 East 26th Street, Sioux Falls, SD 57110 605-275-5452



Health Insurance Exchange Notice

New Health Insurance Marketplace Coverage Options and Your Health Coverage For Employers Who Offer a Health Plan to Some or All Employees

PART A: General Information

When key parts of the health care law take effect in 2014, there will be a new way to buy health insurance: The Health Insurance Marketplace. To assist you as you evaluate options for you and your family, this notice provides some basic information about the new Marketplace and employment-based health coverage offered by your employer.

What is the Health Insurance Marketplace?

The Marketplace is designed to help you find health insurance that meets your needs and fits your budget. The Marketplace offers "one-stop shopping" to find and compare private health insurance options. You may also be eligible for a new kind of tax credit that lowers your monthly premium right away. Open enrollment for health insurance coverage through the Marketplace begins in October 2013 for coverage starting as early as January 1, 2014.

Can I Save Money on my Health Insurance Premiums in the Marketplace?

You may qualify to save money and lower your monthly premium, but only if your employer does not offer coverage, or offers coverage that doesn't meet certain standards. The savings on your premium that you're eligible for depends on your household income.

Does Employer Health Coverage Affect Eligibility for Premium Savings through the Marketplace?

Yes. If you have an offer of health coverage from your employer that meets certain standards, you will not be eligible for a tax credit through the Marketplace and may wish to enroll in your employer's health plan. However, you may be eligible for a tax credit that lowers your monthly premium, or a reduction in certain cost-sharing if your employer does not offer coverage to you at all or does not offer coverage that meets certain standards. If the cost of a plan from your employer that would cover

you (and not any other members of your family) is more than 9.78% of your household income for the year, or if the coverage your employer provides does not meet the "minimum value" standard set by the Affordable Care Act, you may be eligible for a tax credit. An employer-sponsored health plan meets the "minimum value standard" if the plan's share of the total allowed benefit costs covered by the plan is no less than 60 percent of such costs.

Note: If you purchase a health plan through the Marketplace instead of accepting health coverage offered by your employer, then you may lose the employer contribution (if any) to the employer-offered coverage. Also, this employer contribution -as well as your employee contribution to employer-offered coverage- is often excluded from income for Federal and State income tax purposes. Your payments for coverage through the Marketplace are made on an after-tax basis.

How Can I Get More Information?

For more information about your coverage offered by your employer, please check your summary plan description or contact:

Company: Issues Management, Inc.

Address: 4901 East 26th Street, Sioux Falls SD 57110

Phone Number: 605-275-5452

Email: angie.nath@fivestarcallcenters.com

The Marketplace can help you evaluate your coverage options, including your eligibility for coverage through the Marketplace and its cost. Please visit HealthCare.gov for more information, including an online application for health insurance coverage and contact information for a Health Insurance Marketplace in your area.

PART B: Information About Health Coverage Offered by Your Employer

This section contains information about any health

coverage offered by your employer. If you decide to complete an application for coverage in the Marketplace, you will be asked to provide this information. This information is numbered to correspond to the Marketplace application.

3. Employer name - Issues Management, Inc.	4. Employer Identification N 46-0398668	4. Employer Identification Number (EIN) - 46-0398668	
5. Employer address - 4901 East 26 th Street	6. Employer phone number	- 605-275-5452	
7. City – Sioux Falls	8. State - SD	9. ZIP code - 57110	
10. Who can we contact about employee health coverage	at this job? - Angie Nath		
11. Phone number – 605-275-5452	12. Email address – angie.r	nath@fivestarcallcenters.com	

Here is some basic information about health coverage offered by this employer:

- · As your employer, we offer a health plan to:
- Some employees. Eligible employees are: Employees working 30+ hours per week
- · With respect to dependents:
- ✓ We do offer coverage. Eligible dependents are: Domestic Partners, Spouses and Dependent Children. Eligible dependents are covered to age 26.

☑ If checked, this coverage meets the minimum value standard, and the cost of this coverage to you is intended to be affordable, based on employee wages.

Note: Even if your employer intends your coverage to be affordable, you may still be eligible for a premium discount through the Marketplace. The Marketplace will use your household income, along with other factors, to determine whether you may be eligible for a premium discount. If, for example, your wages vary from week to week (perhaps you are an hourly employee or you work on a commission basis), if you are newly employed midyear, or if you have other income losses, you may still qualify for a premium discount.

HIPAA Special Enrollment Rights Notice

If you are declining enrollment in Issues Management, Inc. group health coverage for yourself or your dependents (including your spouse) because of other health insurance or group health plan coverage, you may be able to enroll yourself and your dependents in this plan if you or your dependents lose eligibility for that other coverage (or if the employer stops contributing toward your or your dependents' other coverage). However, you must request enrollment within 30 after your or your dependents' other coverage ends (or after the employer stops contributing toward the other coverage).

In addition, if you have a new dependent as a result of marriage, birth, adoption, or placement for adoption, you may be able to enroll yourself and your dependents. However, you must request enrollment within 30 after the marriage, birth, adoption, or placement for adoption.

Finally, you and/or your dependents may have special enrollment rights if coverage is lost under Medicaid or a State health insurance ("CHIP") program, or when you and/or your dependents gain eligibility for state premium assistance. You have 60 days from the occurrence of one of these events to notify the company and enroll in the plan.

HIPAA Notice of Privacy Practices

THIS NOTICE DESCRIBES HOW MEDICAL INFORMATION ABOUT YOU MAY BE USED AND DISCLOSED AND HOW YOU CAN GET ACCESS TO THIS INFORMATION. PLEASE REVIEW IT CAREFULLY.

Issues Management, Inc. sponsors certain group health plan(s) (collectively, the "Plan" or "We") to provide benefits to our employees, their dependents and other participants. We provide this coverage through various relationships with third parties that establish networks of providers, coordinate your care, and process claims for reimbursement for the services that you receive. This Notice of Privacy Practices (the "Notice") describes the legal obligations of Issues Management, Inc., the Plan and your legal rights regarding your protected health information held by the Plan under HIPAA. Among other things, this Notice describes how your protected health information may be used or disclosed to carry out treatment, payment, or health care operations, or for any other purposes that are permitted or required by law.

We are required to provide this Notice to you pursuant to HIPAA. The HIPAA Privacy Rule protects only certain medical information known as "protected health information." Generally, protected health information is individually identifiable health information, including demographic information, collected from you or created or received by a health care provider, a health care clearinghouse, a health plan, or your employer on behalf of a group health plan, which relates to:

- (1) your past, present or future physical or mental health or condition;
- (2) the provision of health care to you; or
- (3) the past, present or future payment for the provision of health care to you.



Note: If you are covered by one or more fully-insured group health plans offered by Issues Management, Inc. you will receive a separate notice regarding the availability of a notice of privacy practices applicable to that coverage and how to obtain a copy of the notice directly from the insurance carrier.

Contact Information

If you have any questions about this Notice or about our privacy practices, please contact Issues Management, Inc.:

Issues Management, Inc Angie Nath, Benefits Specialist 4901 East 26th Street, Sioux Falls, SD 57110 605-275-5452

Effective Date

This Notice as revised is effective August 1, 2022.

Our Responsibilities

We are required by law to:

- maintain the privacy of your protected health information;
- provide you with certain rights with respect to your protected health information;
- provide you with a copy of this Notice of our legal duties and privacy practices with respect to your protected health information; and
- follow the terms of the Notice that is currently in effect.

We reserve the right to change the terms of this Notice and to make new provisions regarding your protected health information that we maintain, as allowed or required by law. If we make any material change to this Notice, we will provide you with a copy of our revised Notice of Privacy Practices. You may also obtain a copy of the latest revised Notice by contacting our Privacy Officer at the contact information provided above or on our intranet at Issues Management, Inc. Except as provided within this Notice, we may not disclose your protected health information without your prior authorization.

How We May Use and Disclose Your Protected Health Information

Under the law, we may use or disclose your protected health information under certain circumstances without your permission. The following categories describe the different ways that we may use and disclose your protected health information. For each category of uses or disclosures we will explain what we mean and present some examples. Not every use or disclosure in a category will be listed. However, all of the ways we are permitted to use and disclose protected health information will fall within one of the categories.

For Treatment

We may use or disclose your protected health information to facilitate medical treatment or services by providers. We may disclose medical information about you to providers, including doctors, nurses, technicians, medical students, or other hospital personnel who are involved in



taking care of you. For example, we might disclose information about your prior prescriptions to a pharmacist to determine if a pending prescription is inappropriate or dangerous for you to use.

For Payment

We may use or disclose your protected health information to determine your eligibility for Plan benefits, to facilitate payment for the treatment and services you receive from health care providers, to determine benefit responsibility under the Plan, or to coordinate Plan coverage. For example, we may tell your health care provider about your medical history to determine whether a particular treatment is experimental, investigational, or medically necessary, or to determine whether the Plan will cover the treatment. We may also share your protected health information with a utilization review or precertification service provider. Likewise, we may share your protected health information with another entity to assist with the adjudication or subrogation of health claims or to another health plan to coordinate benefit payments.

For Health Care Operations

We may use and disclose your protected health information for other Plan operations. These uses and disclosures are necessary to run the Plan. For example, we may use medical information in connection with conducting quality assessment and improvement activities; underwriting, premium rating, and other activities relating to Plan coverage; submitting claims for stop-loss (or excess-loss) coverage; conducting or arranging for medical review, legal services, audit services, and fraud & abuse detection programs; business planning and development such as cost management; and business management and general Plan administrative activities. The Plan is prohibited from using or disclosing protected health information that is genetic information about an individual for underwriting purposes.

To Business Associates

We may contract with individuals or entities known as Business Associates to perform various functions on our behalf or to provide certain types of services. In order to perform these functions or to provide these services, Business Associates will receive, create, maintain, use and/or disclose your protected health information, but only after they agree in writing with us to implement appropriate safeguards regarding your protected health information. For example, we may disclose your protected health information to a Business Associate to administer claims or to provide support services, such as utilization management, pharmacy benefit management or subrogation, but only after the Business Associate enters into a Business Associate Agreement with us.

As Required by Law

We will disclose your protected health information when required to do so by federal, state or local law. For example, we may disclose your protected health information when required by national security laws or public health disclosure laws.

To Avert a Serious Threat to Health or Safety

We may use and disclose your protected health information when necessary to prevent a serious threat to your health and safety, or the health and safety of the public or another person. Any disclosure, however, would only be to someone able to help prevent the threat. For example, we may disclose your protected health information in a proceeding regarding the licensure of a physician.



To Plan Sponsors

For the purpose of administering the Plan, we may disclose to certain employees of the Employer protected health information. However, those employees will only use or disclose that information as necessary to perform Plan administration functions or as otherwise required by HIPAA, unless you have authorized further disclosures. Your protected health information cannot be used for employment purposes without your specific authorization.

Special Situations

In addition to the above, the following categories describe other possible ways that we may use and disclose your protected health information. For each category of uses or disclosures, we will explain what we mean and present some examples. Not every use or disclosure in a category will be listed. However, all of the ways we are permitted to use and disclose information will fall within one of the categories.

Organ and Tissue Donation

If you are an organ donor, we may release your protected health information to organizations that handle organ procurement or organ, eye, or tissue transplantation or to an organ donation bank, as necessary to facilitate organ or tissue donation and transplantation.

Military and Veterans

If you are a member of the armed forces, we may release your protected health information as required by military command authorities. We may also release protected health information about foreign military personnel to the appropriate foreign military authority.

Workers' Compensation

We may release your protected health information for workers' compensation or similar programs. These programs provide benefits for work-related injuries or illness.

Public Health Risks

We may disclose your protected health information for public health actions. These actions generally include the following:

- to prevent or control disease, injury, or disability;
- · to report births and deaths;
- to report child abuse or neglect;
- to report reactions to medications or problems with products;
- to notify people of recalls of products they may be using;
- to notify a person who may have been exposed to a disease or may be at risk for contracting or spreading a disease or condition;
- to notify the appropriate government authority if we believe that a patient has been the
 victim of abuse, neglect, or domestic violence. We will only make this disclosure if you
 agree, or when required or authorized by law.

Health Oversight Activities

We may disclose your protected health information to a health oversight agency for activities authorized by law. These oversight activities include, for example, audits, investigations, inspections, and licensure. These activities are necessary for the government to monitor the health care system, government programs, and compliance with civil rights laws.



Lawsuits and Disputes

If you are involved in a lawsuit or a dispute, we may disclose your protected health information in response to a court or administrative order. We may also disclose your protected health information in response to a subpoena, discovery request, or other lawful process by someone else involved in the dispute, but only if efforts have been made to tell you about the request or to obtain an order protecting the information requested.

Law Enforcement

We may disclose your protected health information if asked to do so by a law enforcement official—

- in response to a court order, subpoena, warrant, summons or similar process;
- to identify or locate a suspect, fugitive, material witness, or missing person;
- about the victim of a crime if, under certain limited circumstances, we are unable to obtain the victim's agreement;
- about a death that we believe may be the result of criminal conduct;
- about criminal conduct; and
- in emergency circumstances to report a crime; the location of the crime or victims; or the identity, description or location of the person who committed the crime.

Coroners, Medical Examiners and Funeral Directors

We may release protected health information to a coroner or medical examiner. This may be necessary, for example, to identify a deceased person or determine the cause of death. We may also release medical information about patients to funeral directors as necessary to carry out their duties.

National Security and Intelligence Activities

We may release your protected health information to authorized federal officials for intelligence, counterintelligence, and other national security activities authorized by law.

Inmates

If you are an inmate of a correctional institution or are in the custody of a law enforcement official, we may disclose your protected health information to the correctional institution or law enforcement official if necessary (1) for the institution to provide you with health care; (2) to protect your health and safety or the health and safety of others; or (3) for the safety and security of the correctional institution.

Research

We may disclose your protected health information to researchers when:

- (1) the individual identifiers have been removed; or
- (2) when an institutional review board or privacy board has (a) reviewed the research proposal; and (b) established protocols to ensure the privacy of the requested information, and approves the research.

Required Disclosures



The following is a description of disclosures of your protected health information we are required to make.

Government Audits

We are required to disclose your protected health information to the Secretary of the United States Department of Health and Human Services when the Secretary is investigating or determining our compliance with the HIPAA privacy rule.

Disclosures to You

When you request, we are required to disclose to you the portion of your protected health information that contains medical records, billing records, and any other records used to make decisions regarding your health care benefits. We are also required, when requested, to provide you with an accounting of most disclosures of your protected health information if the disclosure was for reasons other than for payment, treatment, or health care operations, and if the protected health information was not disclosed pursuant to your individual authorization.

Notification of a Breach.

We are required to notify you in the event that we (or one of our Business Associates) discover a breach of your unsecured protected health information, as defined by HIPAA.

Other Disclosures

Personal Representatives

We will disclose your protected health information to individuals authorized by you, or to an individual designated as your personal representative, attorney-in-fact, etc., so long as you provide us with a written notice/authorization and any supporting documents (i.e., power of attorney). Note: Under the HIPAA privacy rule, we do not have to disclose information to a personal representative if we have a reasonable belief that:

- (1) you have been, or may be, subjected to domestic violence, abuse or neglect by such person;
- (2) treating such person as your personal representative could endanger you; or
- (3) in the exercise or professional judgment, it is not in your best interest to treat the person as your personal representative.

Spouses and Other Family Members

With only limited exceptions, we will send all mail to the employee. This includes mail relating to the employee's spouse and other family members who are covered under the Plan, and includes mail with information on the use of Plan benefits by the employee's spouse and other family members and information on the denial of any Plan benefits to the employee's spouse and other family members. If a person covered under the Plan has requested Restrictions or Confidential Communications (see below under "Your Rights"), and if we have agreed to the request, we will send mail as provided by the request for Restrictions or Confidential Communications.

Authorizations

Other uses or disclosures of your protected health information not described above, including the use and disclosure of psychotherapy notes and the use or disclosure of protected health information for fundraising or marketing purposes, will not be made without your written



authorization. You may revoke written authorization at any time, so long as your revocation is in writing. Once we receive your written revocation, it will only be effective for future uses and disclosures. It will not be effective for any information that may have been used or disclosed in reliance upon the written authorization and prior to receiving your written revocation. You may elect to opt out of receiving fundraising communications from us at any time.

Your Rights

You have the following rights with respect to your protected health information:

Right to Inspect and Copy

You have the right to inspect and copy certain protected health information that may be used to make decisions about your health care benefits. To inspect and copy your protected health information, submit your request in writing to the Privacy Officer at the address provided above under Contact Information. If you request a copy of the information, we may charge a reasonable fee for the costs of copying, mailing, or other supplies associated with your request. We may deny your request to inspect and copy in certain very limited circumstances. If you are denied access to your medical information, you may have a right to request that the denial be reviewed and you will be provided with details on how to do so.

Right to Amend

If you feel that the protected health information we have about you is incorrect or incomplete, you may ask us to amend the information. You have the right to request an amendment for as long as the information is kept by or for the Plan. To request an amendment, your request must be made in writing and submitted to the Privacy Officer at the address provided above under Contact Information. In addition, you must provide a reason that supports your request. We may deny your request for an amendment if it is not in writing or does not include a reason to support the request. In addition, we may deny your request if you ask us to amend information that:

- is not part of the medical information kept by or for the Plan;
- was not created by us, unless the person or entity that created the information is no longer available to make the amendment;
- is not part of the information that you would be permitted to inspect and copy; or
- is already accurate and complete.

If we deny your request, you have the right to file a statement of disagreement with us and any future disclosures of the disputed information will include your statement.

Right to an Accounting of Disclosures

You have the right to request an "accounting" of certain disclosures of your protected health information. The accounting will not include (1) disclosures for purposes of treatment, payment, or health care operations; (2) disclosures made to you; (3) disclosures made pursuant to your authorization; (4) disclosures made to friends or family in your presence or because of an emergency; (5) disclosures for national security purposes; and (6) disclosures incidental to otherwise permissible disclosures.

To request this list or accounting of disclosures, you must submit your request in writing to the Privacy Officer at the address provided above under Contact Information. Your request must



state a time period of no longer than six years (three years for electronic health records) or the period ABC Company has been subject to the HIPAA Privacy rules, if shorter.

Your request should indicate in what form you want the list (for example, paper or electronic). We will attempt to provide the accounting in the format you requested or in another mutually agreeable format if the requested format is not reasonably feasible. The first list you request within a 12-month period will be provided free of charge. For additional lists, we may charge you for the costs of providing the list. We will notify you of the cost involved and you may choose to withdraw or modify your request at that time before any costs are incurred.

Right to Request Restrictions

You have the right to request a restriction or limitation on your protected health information that we use or disclose for treatment, payment, or health care operations. You also have the right to request a limit on your protected health information that we disclose to someone who is involved in your care or the payment for your care, such as a family member or friend. For example, you could ask that we not use or disclose information about a surgery that you had.

We are not required to agree to your request. However, if we do agree to the request, we will honor the restriction until you revoke it or we notify you. To request restrictions, you must make your request in writing to the Privacy Officer at the address provided above under Contact Information. In your request, you must tell us (1) what information you want to limit; (2) whether you want to limit our use, disclosure, or both; and (3) to whom you want the limits to apply—for example, disclosures to your spouse.

Right to Request Confidential Communications

You have the right to request that we communicate with you about medical matters in a certain way or at a certain location. For example, you can ask that we only contact you at work or by mail. To request confidential communications, you must make your request in writing to the Privacy Officer at the address provided above under Contact Information. We will not ask you the reason for your request. Your request must specify how or where you wish to be contacted. We will accommodate all reasonable requests if you clearly provide information that the disclosure of all or part of your protected information could endanger you.

Right to a Paper Copy of This Notice

You have the right to a paper copy of this notice. You may ask us to give you a copy of this notice at any time. Even if you have agreed to receive this notice electronically, you are still entitled to a paper copy of this notice. To obtain a paper copy of this notice, telephone or write the Privacy Officer as provided above under Contact Information.

For more information, please see Your Rights Under HIPAA.

Complaints

If you believe that your privacy rights have been violated, you may file a complaint with the Plan or with the Office for Civil Rights of the United States Department of Health and Human Services. You can file a complaint with the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Office for Civil Rights by sending a letter to 200 Independence Avenue, S.W., Washington, D.C. 20201, calling 1-877-696-6775, or visiting www.hhs.gov/ocr/privacy/hipaa/complaints/.

To file a complaint with the Plan, telephone write the Privacy Officer as provided above under Contact Information. You will not be penalized, or in any other way retaliated against, for filing a



complaint with the Office of Civil Rights or with us. You should keep a copy of any notices you send to the Plan Administrator or the Privacy Officer for your records.



Premium Assistance Under Medicaid and the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP)

If you or your children are eligible for Medicaid or CHIP and you're eligible for health coverage from your employer, your state may have a premium assistance program that can help pay for coverage, using funds from their Medicaid or CHIP programs. If you or your children aren't eligible for Medicaid or CHIP, you won't be eligible for these premium assistance programs but you may be able to buy individual insurance coverage through the Health Insurance Marketplace. For more information, visit www.healthcare.gov.

If you or your dependents are already enrolled in Medicaid or CHIP and you live in a State listed below, contact your State Medicaid or CHIP office to find out if premium assistance is available.

If you or your dependents are NOT currently enrolled in Medicaid or CHIP, and you think you or any of your dependents might be eligible for either of these programs, contact your State Medicaid or CHIP office or dial **1-877-KIDS NOW** or **www.insurekidsnow.gov** to find out how to apply. If you qualify, ask your state if it has a program that might help you pay the premiums for an employer-sponsored plan.

If you or your dependents are eligible for premium assistance under Medicaid or CHIP, as well as eligible under your employer plan, your employer must allow you to enroll in your employer plan if you aren't already enrolled. This is called a "special enrollment" opportunity, and **you must request coverage within 60 days of being determined eligible for premium assistance**. If you have questions about enrolling in your employer plan, contact the Department of Labor at www.askebsa.dol.gov or call 1-866-444-EBSA (3272).

If you live in one of the following states, you may be eligible for assistance paying your employer health plan premiums. The following list of states is current as of January 31, 2022. Contact your State for more information on eligibility –

ALABAMA - Medicaid	CALIFORNIA - Medicaid
Website: http://myalhipp.com/	Website:
Phone: 1-855-692-5447	Health Insurance Premium Payment (HIPP) Program
	http://dhcs.ca.gov/hipp
	Phone: 916-445-8322
	Fax: 916-440-5676
	Email: hipp@dhcs.ca.gov
ALASKA - Medicaid	COLORADO – Health First Colorado (Colorado's Medicaid Program) & Child Health Plan Plus (CHP+)
The AK Health Insurance Premium Payment Program	Health First Colorado Website:
Website: http://myakhipp.com/	https://www.healthfirstcolorado.com/
Phone: 1-866-251-4861	Health First Colorado Member Contact Center:
Email: CustomerService@MyAKHIPP.com	1-800-221-3943/ State Relay 711
Medicaid Eligibility: http://dhss.alaska.gov/dpa/Pages/medicaid/default.as px	CHP+: https://www.colorado.gov/pacific/hcpf/child-health-plan-plus CHP+ Customer Service: 1-800-359-1991/ State Relay 711
	Health Insurance Buy-In Program (HIBI): https://www.colorado.gov/pacific/hcpf/health-



	insurance-buy-program
	HIBI Customer Service: 1-855-692-6442
ADVANCAC Medicoid	ELODIDA Medienid
ARKANSAS – Medicaid	FLORIDA – Medicaid Website:
Website: http://myarhipp.com/	https://www.flmedicaidtplrecovery.com/flmedicaidtplrec
Phone: 1-855-MyARHIPP (855-692-7447)	overy.com/hipp/index.html
	Phone: 1-877-357-3268
GEORGIA – Medicaid	MAINE - Medicaid
A HIPP Website: https://medicaid.georgia.gov/health-	Enrollment Website:
insurance-premium-payment-program-hipp	https://www.maine.gov/dhhs/ofi/applications-
Phone: 678-564-1162, Press 1	forms
	Phone: 1-800-442-6003
GA CHIPRA Website:	TTY: Maine relay 711
https://medicaid.georgia.gov/programs/third-party-liability/childrens-health-insurance-program-	Private Health Insurance Premium Webpage:
reauthorization-act-2009-chipra	https://www.maine.gov/dhhs/ofi/applications-
Phone: (678) 564-1162, Press 2	forms Phone: -800-977-6740.
	TTY: Maine relay 711
INDIANA - Medicaid	MASSACHUSETTS - Medicaid and CHIP
Healthy Indiana Plan for low-income adults 19-64	Website: https://www.mass.gov/masshealth/pa
Website: http://www.in.gov/fssa/hip/	Phone: 1-800-862-4840
Phone: 1-877-438-4479	
All other Medicaid	
Website: https://www.in.gov/medicaid/	
Phone 1-800-457-4584	
IOWA – Medicaid and CHIP (Hawki)	MINNESOTA - Medicaid
Medicaid Website:	Website:
https://dhs.iowa.gov/ime/members	https://mn.gov/dhs/people-we-serve/children-and-
Medicaid Phone: 1-800-338-8366	families/health-care/health-care-programs/programs-
	and- services/other-insurance.jsp
Hawki Website:	Phone: 1-800-657-3739
http://dhs.iowa.gov/Hawki	
Hawki Phone: 1-800-257-8563	
1 14WM 1 110HG. 1 000-207-0000	
HIPP Website:	
https://dhs.iowa.gov/ime/members/medicaid-a-to-	
z/hipp	
HIPP Phone: 1-888-346-9562	
KANSAS – Medicaid	MISSOURI - Medicaid
Website: https://www.kancare.ks.gov/	Website:
vv coolis. Illips.//www.kaiisais.ks.gov/	
Phone: 1-800-702-4884	nttp://www.dss.mo.gov/mnd/participants/bades/nibb.ntm
Phone: 1-800-792-4884	http://www.dss.mo.gov/mhd/participants/pages/hipp.htm Phone: 573-751-2005
Phone: 1-800-792-4884 KENTUCKY – Medicaid	Phone: 573-751-2005 MONTANA – Medicaid
	Phone: 573-751-2005
KENTUCKY - Medicaid	Phone: 573-751-2005 MONTANA – Medicaid



https://chfs.ky.gov/agencies/dms/member/Pages/kihi http://dphhs.mt.gov/MontanaHealthcarePrograms/HIPP pp.aspx Phone: 1-800-694-3084 Phone: 1-855-459-6328 Email: KIHIPP.PROGRAM@ky.gov KCHIP Website: https://kidshealth.ky.gov/Pages/index.aspx Phone: 1-877-524-4718 Kentucky Medicaid Website: https://chfs.ky.gov LOUISIANA - Medicaid **NEBRASKA - Medicaid** Website: www.medicaid.la.gov or Website: http://www.ACCESSNebraska.ne.gov www.ldh.la.gov/lahipp Phone: 1-855-632-7633 Phone: 1-888-342-6207 (Medicaid hotline) or 1-855-Lincoln: 402-473-7000 618-5488 (LaHIPP) Omaha: 402-595-1178 **NEVADA – Medicaid SOUTH CAROLINA - Medicaid** Medicaid Website: http://dhcfp.nv.gov Website: https://www.scdhhs.gov Medicaid Phone: 1-800-992-0900 Phone: 1-888-549-0820 **NEW HAMPSHIRE - Medicaid** SOUTH DAKOTA - Medicaid Website: https://www.dhhs.nh.gov/oii/hipp.htm Website: http://dss.sd.gov Phone: 603-271-5218 Phone: 1-888-828-0059 Toll free number for the HIPP program: 1-800-852-3345.ext 5218 **NEW JERSEY - Medicaid and CHIP TEXAS – Medicaid** Medicaid Website: Website: http://gethipptexas.com/ http://www.state.nj.us/humanservices/ Phone: 1-800-440-0493 dmahs/clients/medicaid/ Medicaid Phone: 609-631-2392 CHIP Website: http://www.nifamilycare.org/index.html CHIP Phone: 1-800-701-0710 **NEW YORK - Medicaid UTAH - Medicaid and CHIP** Medicaid Website: https://medicaid.utah.gov/ https://www.health.ny.gov/health_care/medicaid/ CHIP Website: http://health.utah.gov/chip Phone: 1-800-541-2831 Phone: 1-877-543-7669 **NORTH CAROLINA - Medicaid VERMONT – Medicaid** Website: https://medicaid.ncdhhs.gov/ Website: http://www.greenmountaincare.org/ Phone: 919-855-4100 Phone: 1-800-250-8427 **NORTH DAKOTA - Medicaid** VIRGINIA - Medicaid and CHIP Website: https://www.coverva.org/en/famis-select Website: http://www.nd.gov/dhs/services/medicalserv/medicaid/ https://www.coverva.org/en/hipp Medicaid Phone: 1-800-432-5924 Phone: 1-844-854-4825 CHIP Phone: 1-800-432-5924 **OKLAHOMA-Medicaid and CHIP** WASHINGTON - Medicaid Website: https://www.hca.wa.gov/ Website: http://www.insureoklahoma.org Phone: 1-888-365-3742 Phone: 1-800-562-3022 **OREGON - Medicaid** WEST VIRGINIA - Medicaid and CHIP Website: https://dhhr.wv.gov/bms/ Website: http://healthcare.oregon.gov/Pages/index.aspx http://mywvhipp.com/ http://www.oregonhealthcare.gov/index-es.html Phone: 1-800-699-9075 Medicaid Phone: 304-558-1700



	CHIP Toll-free phone: 1-855-MyWVHIPP (1-855-699-8447)
PENNSYLVANIA – Medicaid	WISCONSIN – Medicaid and CHIP
Website: https://www.dhs.pa.gov/Services/Assistance/Pages/H IPP-Program.aspx Dharmad 200, 200, 7400	Website: https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/badgercareplus/p- 10095.htm
Phone: 1-800-692-7462 RHODE ISLAND – Medicaid and CHIP	Phone: 1-800-362-3002 WYOMING – Medicaid
Website: http://www.eohhs.ri.gov/ Phone: 1-855-697-4347, or 401-462-0311 (Direct RIte Share Line)	Website: https://health.wyo.gov/healthcarefin/medicaid/programs-and-eligibility/ Phone: 1-800-251-1269

To see if any other states have added a premium assistance program since January 31, 2022, or for more information on special enrollment rights, contact either:

U.S. Department of Labor Employee Benefits Security Administration www.dol.gov/agencies/ebsa 1-866-444-EBSA (3272) U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services www.cms.hhs.gov

1-877-267-2323, Menu Option 4, Ext. 61565



Women's Health Cancer Rights Act (WHCRA) Notice

Do you know that your Plan, as required by the Women's Health and Cancer Rights Act of 1998 (WHCRA), provides benefits for mastectomy-related services including all stages of reconstruction and surgery to achieve symmetry between the breasts, prostheses, and complications resulting from a mastectomy, including lymphedema?

These benefits will be provided subject to the same deductibles and coinsurance applicable to other medical and surgical benefits provided under this plan. If you would like more information on WHCRA benefits, contact your plan administrator at 605-275-5452

Newborns' and Mothers' Health Protection Act (NMHPA) Notice

Group health plans and health insurance issuers generally may not, under Federal law, restrict benefits for any hospital length of stay in connection with childbirth for the mother or newborn child to less than 48 hours following vaginal delivery, or less than 96 hours following a cesarean section. However, Federal law generally does not prohibit the mother's or newborn's attending provider, after consulting with the mother, from discharging the mother or her newborn earlier than 48 hours (or 96 hours as applicable). In any case, plans and issuers may not, under Federal law, require that a provider obtain authorization from the plan or the insurance issuer for prescribing a length of stay not in excess of 48 hours (or 96 hours).



General FMLA Notice

Employee Rights Under the Family and Medical Leave Act The United States Department of Labor Wage and Hour Division

Leave Entitlements

Eligible employees who work for a covered employer can take up to 12 weeks of unpaid, job-protected leave in a 12-month period for the following reasons:

- The birth of a child or placement of a child for adoption or foster care;
- To bond with a child (leave must be taken within 1 year of the child's birth or placement);
- To care for the employee's spouse, child, or parent who has a qualifying serious health condition;
- For the employee's own qualifying serious health condition that makes the employee unable to perform the employee's job;
- For qualifying exigencies related to the foreign deployment of a military member who is the employee's spouse, child, or parent.

An eligible employee who is a covered service member's spouse, child, parent, or next of kin may also take up to 26 weeks of FMLA leave in a single 12-month period to care for the service member with a serious injury or illness.

An employee does not need to use leave in one block. When it is medically necessary or otherwise permitted, employees may take leave intermittently or on a reduced schedule.

Employees may choose, or an employer may require, use of accrued paid leave while taking FMLA leave. If an employee substitutes accrued paid leave for FMLA leave, the employee must comply with the employer's normal paid leave policies.

Benefits & Protections

While employees are on FMLA leave, employers must continue health insurance coverage as if the employees were not on leave.

Upon return from FMLA leave, most employees must be restored to the same job or one nearly identical to it with equivalent pay, benefits, and other employment terms and conditions. An employer may not interfere with an individual's FMLA rights or retaliate against someone for using or trying to use FMLA leave, opposing any practice made unlawful by the FMLA, or being involved in any proceeding under or related to the FMLA.

Eligibility Requirements

An employee who works for a covered employer must meet three criteria in order to be eligible for FMLA leave. The employee must:

- Have worked for the employer for at least 12 months;
- Have at least 1,250 hours of service in the 12 months before taking leave;* and
- Work at a location where the employer has at least 50 employees within 75 miles of the employee's worksite.

*Special "hours of service" requirements apply to airline flight crew employees.

notices

Requesting Leave

Generally, employees must give 30-days' advance notice of the need for FMLA leave. If it is not possible to give 30-days' notice, an employee must notify the employer as soon as possible and, generally, follow the employer's usual procedures.

Employees do not have to share a medical diagnosis, but must provide enough information to the employer so it can determine if the leave qualifies for FMLA protection. Sufficient information could include informing an employer that the employee is or will be unable to perform his or her job functions, that a family member cannot perform daily activities, or that hospitalization or continuing medical treatment is necessary.

Employees must inform the employer if the need for leave is for a reason for which FMLA leave was previously taken or certified.

Employers can require a certification or periodic recertification supporting the need for leave. If the employer determines that the certification is incomplete, it must provide a written notice indicating what additional information is required.

Employer Responsibilities

Once an employer becomes aware that an employee's need for leave is for a reason that may qualify under the FMLA, the employer must notify the employee if he or she is eligible for FMLA leave and, if eligible, must also provide a notice of rights and responsibilities under the FMLA. If the employee is not eligible, the employer must provide a reason for ineligibility.

Employers must notify its employees if leave will be designated as FMLA leave, and if so, how much leave will be designated as FMLA leave.

Enforcement

Employees may file a complaint with the U.S. Department of Labor, Wage and Hour Division, or may bring a private lawsuit against an employer.

The FMLA does not affect any federal or state law prohibiting discrimination or supersede any state or local law or collective bargaining agreement that provides greater family or medical leave rights.

For additional information or to file a complaint:

1-866-4-USWAGE

(1-866-487-9243)

TTY: 1-877-889-5627

www.dol.gov/whd

U.S. Department of Labor | Wage and Hour Division

USERRA Notice Your Rights Under USERRA

A. The Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act

USERRA protects the job rights of individuals who voluntarily or involuntarily leave employment positions to undertake military service or certain types of service in the National Disaster Medical System. USERRA also prohibits employers from discriminating against past and present members of the uniformed services, and applicants to the uniformed services.

B. Reemployment Rights

You have the right to be reemployed in your civilian job if you leave that job to perform service in the uniformed service and:

- You ensure that your employer receives advance written or verbal notice of your service;
- You have five years or less of cumulative service in the uniformed services while with that particular employer;
- You return to work or apply for reemployment in a timely manner after conclusion of service; and
- You have not been separated from service with a disqualifying discharge or under other than honorable conditions.

If you are eligible to be reemployed, you must be restored to the job and benefits you would have attained if you had not been absent due to military service or, in some cases, a comparable job.

C. Right To Be Free From Discrimination and Retaliation

If you:

- Are a past or present member of the uniformed service;
- Have applied for membership in the uniformed service; or
- Are obligated to serve in the uniformed service;

Then an employer may not deny you:

- Initial employment;
- Reemployment;
- Retention in employment;
- Promotion; or
- Any benefit of employment because of this status.
 In addition, an employer may not retaliate against anyone assisting in the enforcement of USERRA rights, including testifying or making a statement in connection

with a proceeding under USERRA, even if that person has no service connection.

D. Health Insurance Protection

- If you leave your job to perform military service, you have the right to elect to continue your existing employer-based health plan coverage for you and your dependents for up to 24 months while in the military.
- Even if you do not elect to continue coverage during your military service, you have the right to be reinstated in your employer's health plan when you are reemployed, generally without any waiting periods or exclusions (e.g., pre-existing condition exclusions) except for service-connected illnesses or injuries.

E. Enforcement

- The U.S. Department of Labor, Veterans'
 Employment and Training Service (VETS) is authorized to investigate and resolve complaints of USERRA violations.
- For assistance in filing a complaint, or for any other information on USERRA, contact VETS at 1-866-4-USA-DOL or visit its Web site at http://www.dol.gov/vets. An interactive online USERRA Advisor can be viewed at http://www.dol.gov/elaws/userra.htm.
- If you file a complaint with VETS and VETS is unable to resolve it, you may request that your case be referred to the Department of Justice or the Office of Special Counsel, as applicable, for representation.
- You may also bypass the VETS process and bring a civil action against an employer for violations of USERRA.

The rights listed here may vary depending on the circumstances. The text of this notice was prepared by VETS, and may be viewed on the Internet at this address:

http://www.dol.gov/vets/programs/userra/poster.htm. Federal law requires employers to notify employees of their rights under USERRA, and employers may meet this requirement by displaying the text of this notice where they customarily place notices for employees. U.S. Department of Labor, Veterans' Employment and Training Service, 1-866-487-2365.

Model General Notice of COBRA Continuation Coverage Rights

** Continuation Coverage Rights Under COBRA**

Introduction

You're getting this notice because you recently gained coverage under a group health plan (the Plan). This notice has important information about your right to COBRA continuation coverage, which is a temporary extension of coverage under the Plan. This notice explains COBRA continuation coverage, when it may become available to you and your family, and what you need to do to protect your right to get it. When you become eligible for COBRA, you may also become eligible for other coverage options that may cost less than COBRA continuation coverage.

The right to COBRA continuation coverage was created by a federal law, the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 (COBRA). COBRA continuation coverage can become available to you and other members of your family when group health coverage would otherwise end. For more information about your rights and obligations under the Plan and under federal law, you should review the Plan's Summary Plan Description or contact the Plan Administrator.

You may have other options available to you when you lose group health coverage. For example, you may be eligible to buy an individual plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace. By enrolling in coverage through the Marketplace, you may qualify for lower costs on your monthly premiums and lower out-of-pocket costs. Additionally, you may qualify for a 30-day special enrollment period for another group health plan for which you are eligible (such as a spouse's plan), even if that plan generally doesn't accept late enrollees.

What is COBRA continuation coverage?

COBRA continuation coverage is a continuation of Plan coverage when it would otherwise end because of a life event. This is also called a "qualifying event." Specific qualifying events are listed later in this notice. After a qualifying event, COBRA continuation coverage must be offered to each person who is a "qualified beneficiary." You, your spouse, and your dependent children could become qualified beneficiaries if coverage under the Plan is lost because of the qualifying event. Under the Plan, qualified beneficiaries who elect COBRA continuation coverage must pay for COBRA continuation coverage.

If you're an employee, you'll become a qualified beneficiary if you lose your coverage under the Plan because of the following qualifying events:

- Your hours of employment are reduced, or
- Your employment ends for any reason other than your gross misconduct.

If you're the spouse of an employee, you'll become a qualified beneficiary if you lose your coverage under the Plan because of the following qualifying events:

- Your spouse dies;
- Your spouse's hours of employment are reduced;
- Your spouse's employment ends for any reason other than his or her gross misconduct;



- Your spouse becomes entitled to Medicare benefits (under Part A, Part B, or both); or
- You become divorced or legally separated from your spouse.

Your dependent children will become qualified beneficiaries if they lose coverage under the Plan because of the following qualifying events:

- The parent-employee dies;
- The parent-employee's hours of employment are reduced;
- The parent-employee's employment ends for any reason other than his or her gross misconduct;
- The parent-employee becomes entitled to Medicare benefits (Part A, Part B, or both);
- The parents become divorced or legally separated; or
- The child stops being eligible for coverage under the Plan as a "dependent child."

When is COBRA continuation coverage available?

The Plan will offer COBRA continuation coverage to qualified beneficiaries only after the Plan Administrator has been notified that a qualifying event has occurred. The employer must notify the Plan Administrator of the following qualifying events:

- The end of employment or reduction of hours of employment;
- Death of the employee;
- The employee's becoming entitled to Medicare benefits (under Part A, Part B, or both).

For all other qualifying events (divorce or legal separation of the employee and spouse or a dependent child's losing eligibility for coverage as a dependent child), you must notify the Plan Administrator within 60 daysafter the qualifying event occurs. You must provide this notice to:

Issues Management, Inc Angie Nath, Benefits Specialist 4901 East 26th Street, Sioux Falls, SD 57110 605-275-5452

How is COBRA continuation coverage provided?

Once the Plan Administrator receives notice that a qualifying event has occurred, COBRA continuation coverage will be offered to each of the qualified beneficiaries. Each qualified beneficiary will have an independent right to elect COBRA continuation coverage. Covered employees may elect COBRA continuation coverage on behalf of their spouses, and parents may elect COBRA continuation coverage on behalf of their children.

COBRA continuation coverage is a temporary continuation of coverage that generally lasts for 18 months due to employment termination or reduction of hours of work. Certain qualifying events, or a second qualifying event during the initial period of coverage, may permit a beneficiary to receive a maximum of 36 months of coverage.

There are also ways in which this 18-month period of COBRA continuation coverage can be extended:



Disability extension of 18-month period of COBRA continuation coverage

If you or anyone in your family covered under the Plan is determined by Social Security to be disabled and you notify the Plan Administrator in a timely fashion, you and your entire family may be entitled to get up to an additional 11 months of COBRA continuation coverage, for a maximum of 29 months. The disability would have to have started at some time before the 60th day of COBRA continuation coverage and must last at least until the end of the 18-month period of COBRA continuation coverage.

Second qualifying event extension of 18-month period of continuation coverage

If your family experiences another qualifying event during the 18 months of COBRA continuation coverage, the spouse and dependent children in your family can get up to 18 additional months of COBRA continuation coverage, for a maximum of 36 months, if the Plan is properly notified about the second qualifying event. This extension may be available to the spouse and any dependent children getting COBRA continuation coverage if the employee or former employee dies; becomes entitled to Medicare benefits (under Part A, Part B, or both); gets divorced or legally separated; or if the dependent child stops being eligible under the Plan as a dependent child. This extension is only available if the second qualifying event would have caused the spouse or dependent child to lose coverage under the Plan had the first qualifying event not occurred.

Are there other coverage options besides COBRA Continuation Coverage?

Yes. Instead of enrolling in COBRA continuation coverage, there may be other coverage options for you and your family through the Health Insurance Marketplace, Medicare, Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), or other group health plan coverage options (such as a spouse's plan) through what is called a "special enrollment period." Some of these options may cost less than COBRA continuation coverage. You can learn more about many of these options at www.healthcare.gov.

Can I enroll in Medicare instead of COBRA continuation coverage after my group health plan coverage ends?

In general, if you don't enroll in Medicare Part A or B when you are first eligible because you are still employed, after the Medicare initial enrollment period, you have an 8-month special enrollment period¹ to sign up for Medicare Part A or B, beginning on the earlier of:

- The month after your employment ends; or
- The month after group health plan coverage based on current employment ends.

If you don't enroll in Medicare and elect COBRA continuation coverage instead, you may have to pay a Part B late enrollment penalty and you may have a gap in coverage if you decide you want Part B later. If you elect COBRA continuation coverage and later enroll in Medicare Part A or B before the COBRA continuation coverage ends, the Plan may terminate your continuation coverage. However, if Medicare Part A or B is effective on or before the date of the COBRA election, COBRA coverage may not be discontinued on account of Medicare entitlement, even if you enroll in the other part of Medicare after the date of the election of COBRA coverage.

¹ https://www.medicare.gov/sign-up-change-plans/how-do-i-get-parts-a-b/part-a-part-b-sign-up-periods.



_

If you are enrolled in both COBRA continuation coverage and Medicare, Medicare will generally pay first (primary payer) and COBRA continuation coverage will pay second. Certain plans may pay as if secondary to Medicare, even if you are not enrolled in Medicare.

For more information visit https://www.medicare.gov/medicare-and-you.

If you have questions

Questions concerning your Plan or your COBRA continuation coverage rights should be addressed to the contact or contacts identified below. For more information about your rights under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act (ERISA), including COBRA, the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, and other laws affecting group health plans, contact the nearest Regional or District Office of the U.S. Department of Labor's Employee Benefits Security Administration (EBSA) in your area or visit www.dol.gov/agencies/ebsa. (Addresses and phone numbers of Regional and District EBSA Offices are available through EBSA's website.) For more information about the Marketplace, visit www.HealthCare.gov.

Keep your Plan informed of address changes

To protect your family's rights, let the Plan Administrator know about any changes in the addresses of family members. You should also keep a copy, for your records, of any notices you send to the Plan Administrator.

Plan contact information

Issues Management, Inc Angie Nath, Benefits Specialist 4901 East 26th Street, Sioux Falls, SD 57110 605-275-5452



APPENDIX

These are additional notices that may be appropriate based upon an employer's circumstances. We included the Surprise Billing Notice to assist with an employer's obligation to post the notice on its website.

Medicare Part D Cross-Reference
Medicare Part D Non-Creditable Coverage Notice
HIPAA Privacy Notice of Availability
ACA Grandfathered Status Notice
HIPAA Wellness Program Reasonable Alternative Standards (RAS) Notice - Medical
plans with wellness programs that offer health contingent incentives
EEOC Wellness Program Notice
Surprise Billing Notice – "Your Rights and Protections Against Surprise Medical Bills"

